

# FOCUS II

**1000mm 2.4GHz RTR RACING YACHT**



## **SPECIFICATION:**

- Total Length: 995 mm
- Mast Height: 1578 mm
- RTR Total Weight: 3450 g
- Sail Area(Main): 36.85 dm<sup>2</sup>
- Hull Material: Plastic Hull With Painting Finished
- Mast And Boom Material: Carbon Fiber Tube
- Width: 170 mm
- Overall Height: 2046 mm
- Sail Area(Jib): 15.88 dm<sup>2</sup>
- Sail Area(Overall): 52.73 dm<sup>2</sup>

**Assembly and Operation Manual**

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL **THIS MODEL IS NOT A TOY!**

THESE INSTRUCTIONS SHOULD BE READ BY A SUPERVISING ADULT

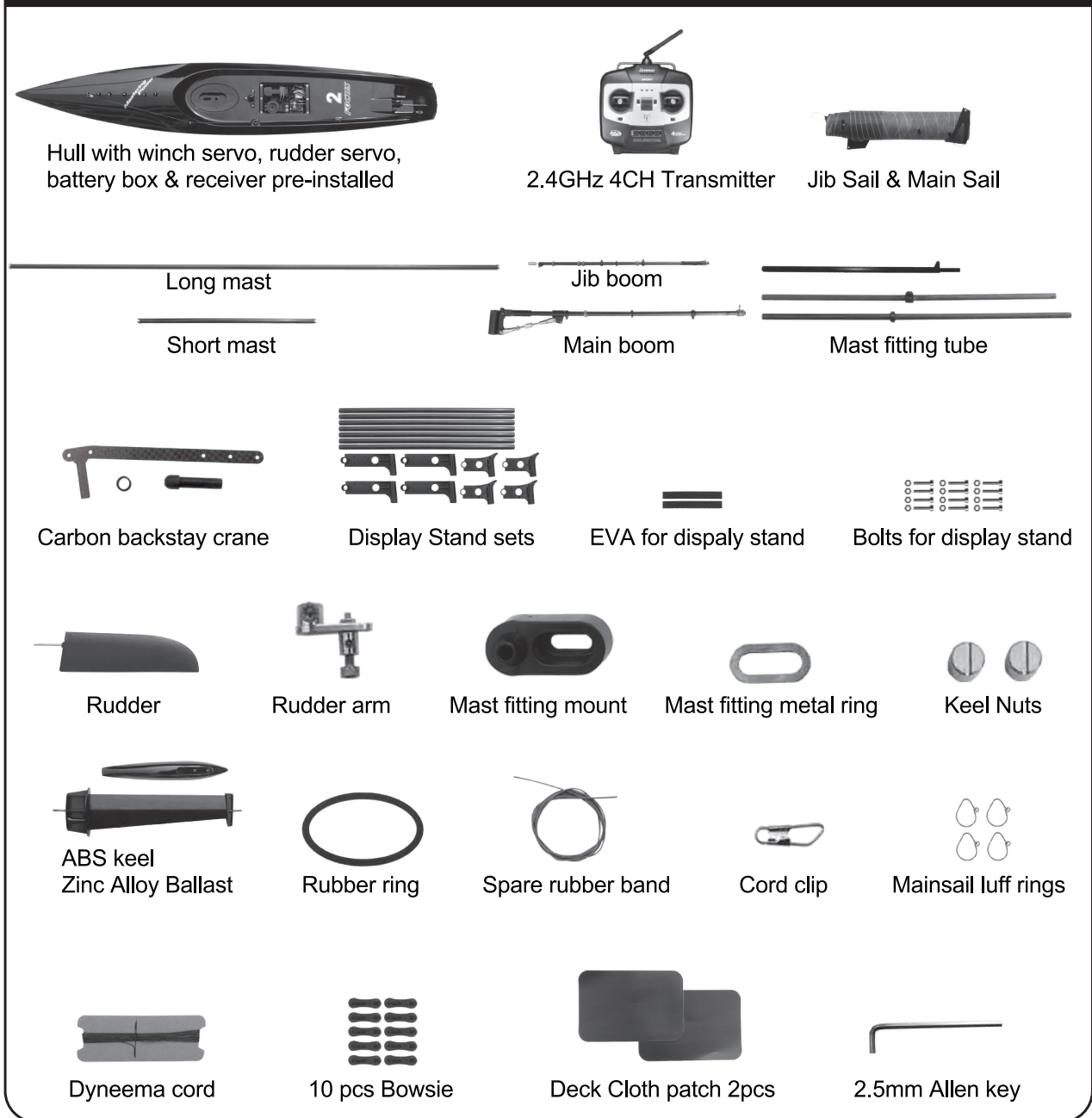
## FOCUS II 2.4GHz RTR RACING YACHT

Model No:8812

### IMPORTANT:

- 1.This is not a toy. Assembly and operating of this boat requires adult supervision.
- 2.Please take time to read the instructions carefully and completely before attempting to operate your model.  
This manual contains the instructions you need to safely build, operate and maintain your R/C sailboat.
3. Please do remember to switch off MXMD button on transmitter before operation.(Switch Off position on top)

### CONTENTS OF KITS



### ITEMS REQUIRED FOR COMPLETION

Eight "AA" Alkaline batteries. (four for the transmitter, four for the receiver battery box.)

# BASIC BOAT TERMINOLOGY

**BOW:** The front of the boat.

**STERN:** The back of the boat.

**PORT:** This is the left side of the boat when view the boat from the stern. An easy way to remember this is that port and left both contain four letters.

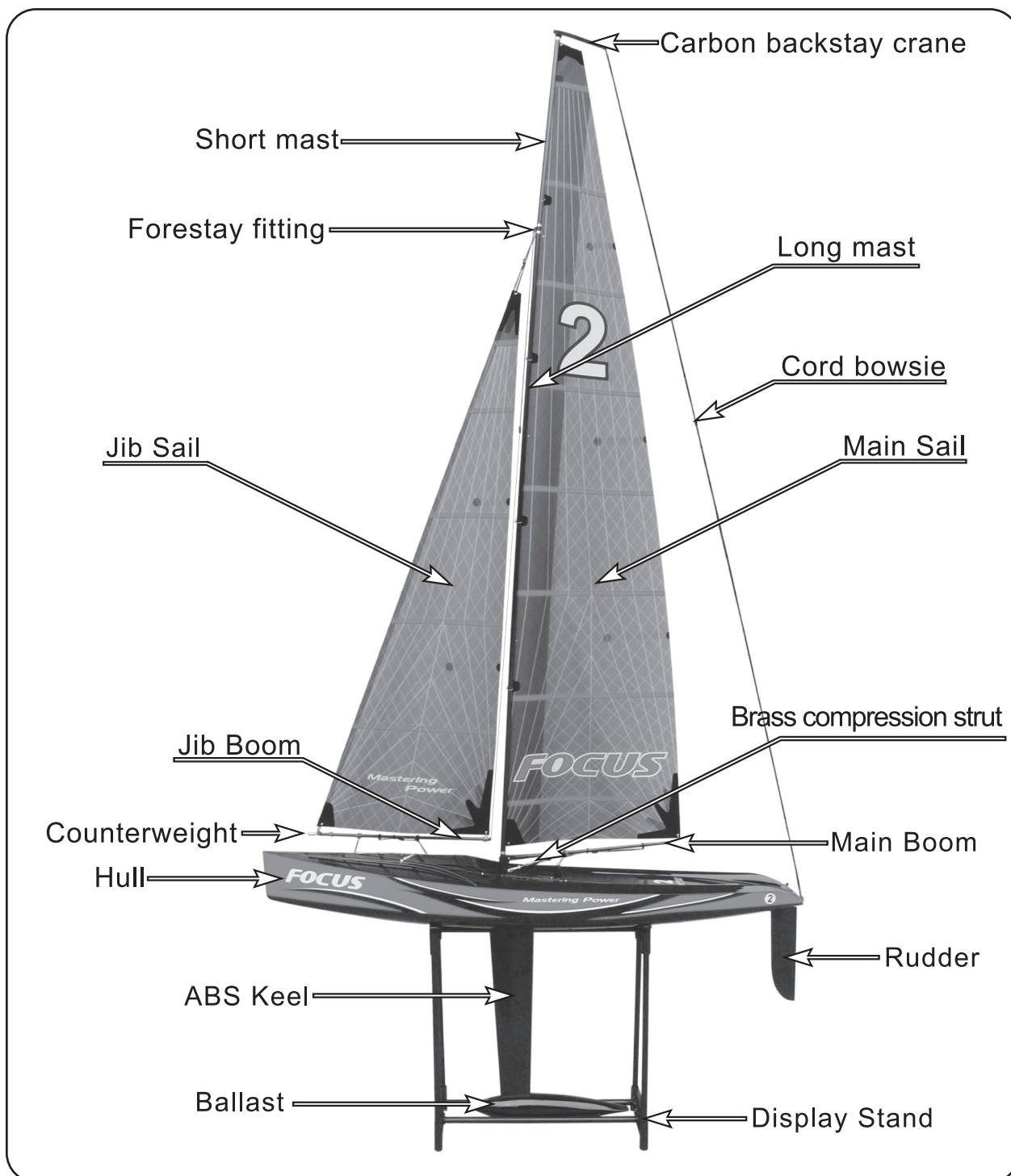
**STARBOARD:** This is the right side of the boat when view the boat from the stern.

**HULL:** The body of the boat.

**DECK:** The top of the boat.

**KEEL:** A weighted blade that protrudes from the bottom of the hull as a means of providing lateral stability.

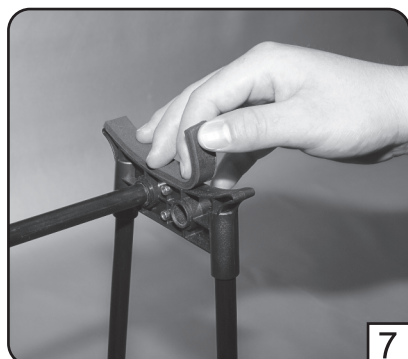
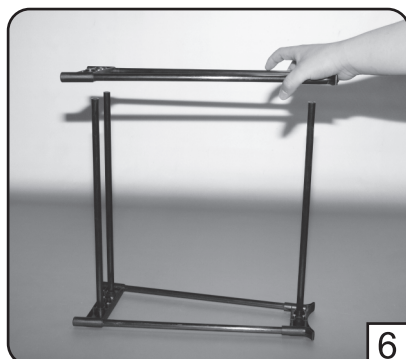
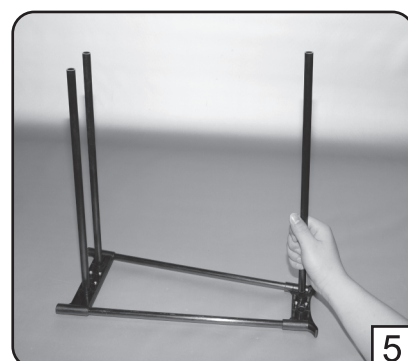
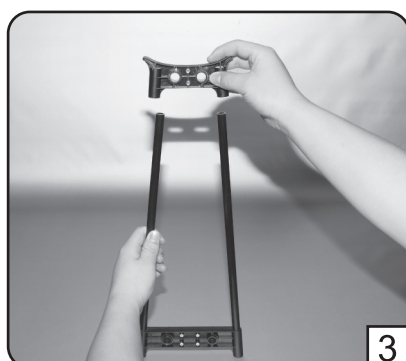
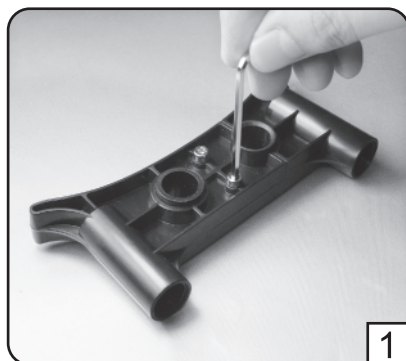
**RUDDER:** The hinged vertical plate mounted at the stern that controls steering.





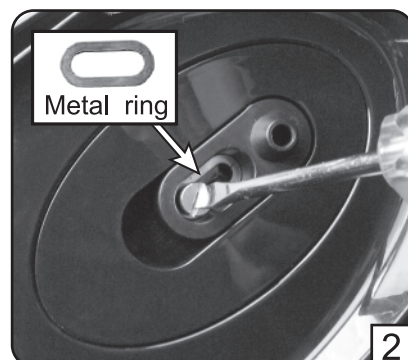
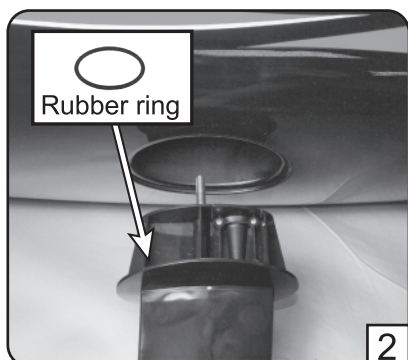
## DISPLAY STAND ASSEMBLY

1. Installed screws into the plastic boat stand parts with 2.5mm allen key
2. Follow No.2-6 photos to assemble the boat stand.
3. Locate the EVA gasket on the hull support as picture 7 and 8 shown. This will protect the hull bottom from scratches during construction and storage.



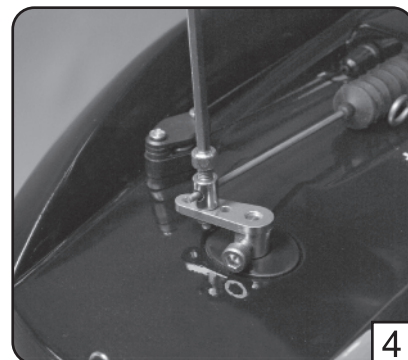
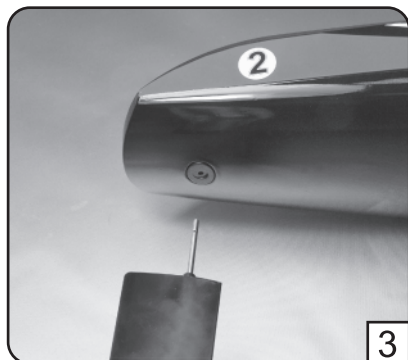
## KEEL & BALLAST & RUDDER ASSEMBLY

1. Secure keel and ballast with M6 nut and flathead screwdriver.
2. Assembly the rubber ring on the top of keel, then secure keel and hull with metal ring, M6 nut and flathead screwdriver.



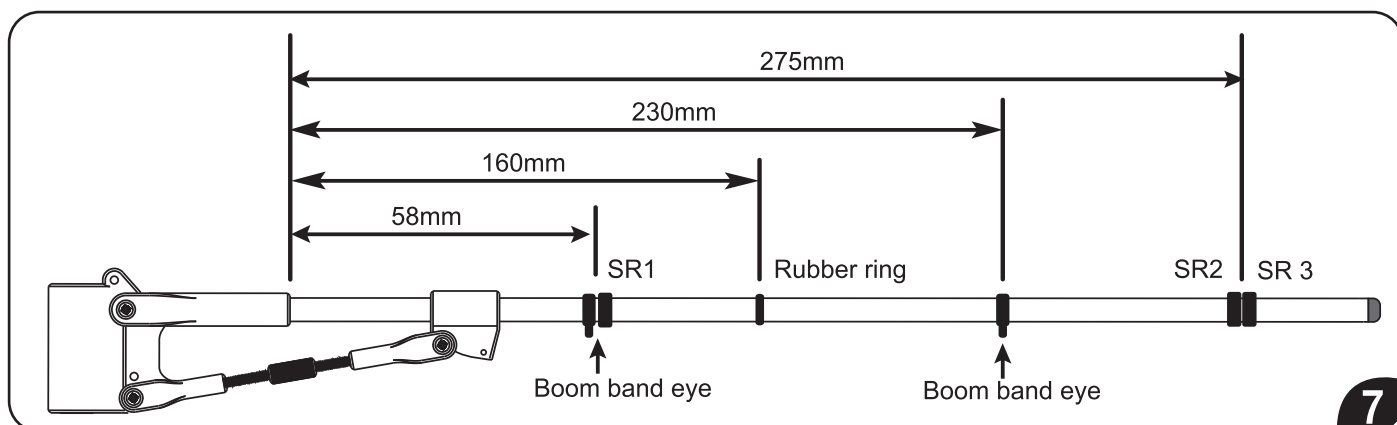


3. Insert the rudder shaft up through the bottom of the stern of hull. Notice the rudder's direction. Use 2.5mm allen key to secure the rudder shaft on the rudder arm. Make sure rudder can freely rotate and the gap for up and down is no more than 0.5mm
4. Pushrod go through clevis on rudder arm, make sure rudder is on the center line of hull, then use 2.5mm allen key to tighten clevis screw.

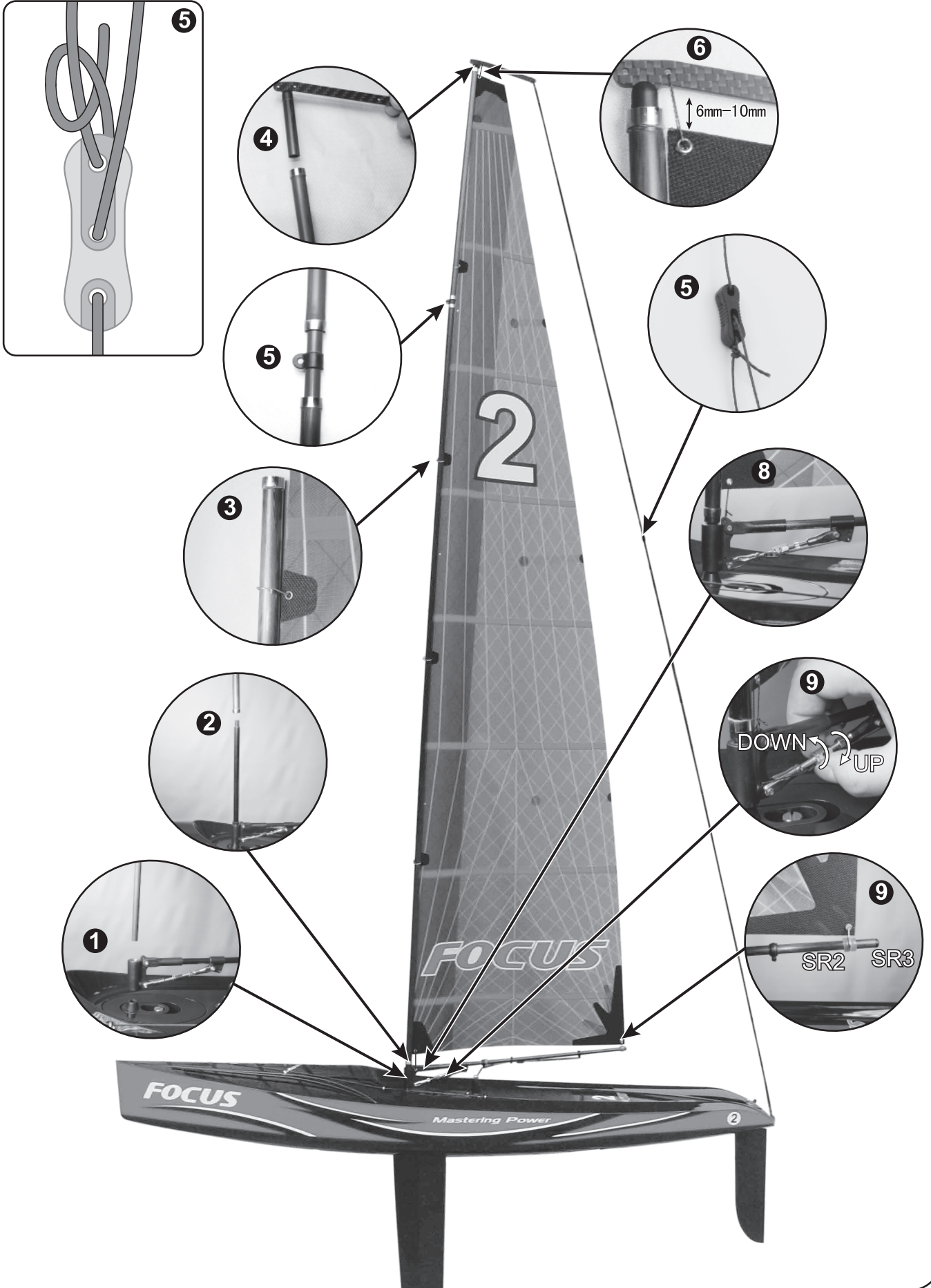


## MAIN SAIL RIGGING

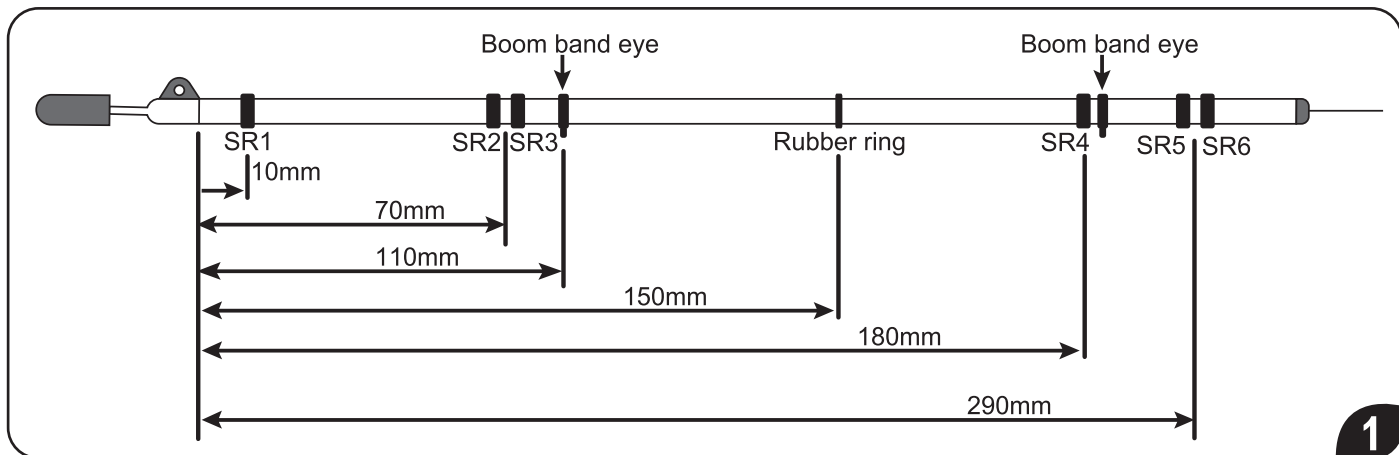
1. Use mast fitting tube (longer side) to thread through bearing on main boom, insert mast fitting tube in main mast mount as shown. See page 6.
2. Insert long mast in mast fitting tube (shorter side). See page 6.
3. Thread three mainsail luff rings through long mast and thread the top one mainsail luff rings through short mast, See page 6.
4. Assembly Carbon backstay crane set and insert it into short mast, See page 6.
5. Insert short mast into long mast with mast fitting tube. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 2300mm, attach it to Carbon backstay crane eyelet, the other end of cord thread through a bowsie's two holes in proper order, through stern eyelet then attach cord to the end eyelet of bowsie. adjust cord bowsie to pull cord tight and straight, See page 6.
6. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 100mm, use it to attach eyelet on mainsail tip to Carbon backstay crane left second eyelet. Notice that gap between mainsail tip and Carbon backstay crane is within 6mm-10mm, See page 6.
7. Adjust silicone rings ("SR" for short) positions on main boom as shown.
8. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 250mm, attach it to eyelet located on the top of main boom bearing, the other end of cord thread through eyelet in bottom left corner of mainsail from front side to back side, then through eyelet on bottom of main boom bearing from back side to front side, then thread through a bowsie's two hole in proper order, through the compression strut fitting eyelet, at last attach cord to the end eyelet of bowsie, adjust bowsie to pull main sail tight.
9. Use metal sail crew ring between SR2 and SR 3, to hook the eyelet on bottom right corner of mainsail, the two rings are used to clamp metal sail crew ring to prevent it sliding, you could adjust the mainsail shape by moving the two rings position. Use hand to rotate the brass compression strut to adjust the angle between main boom and mast. After getting the angle you want, screw the nut tighten to secure firmly the brass compression strut. So that the main boom could pull the bottom right corner of mainsail tight. But remember not to pull mainsail too tight. See page 6.



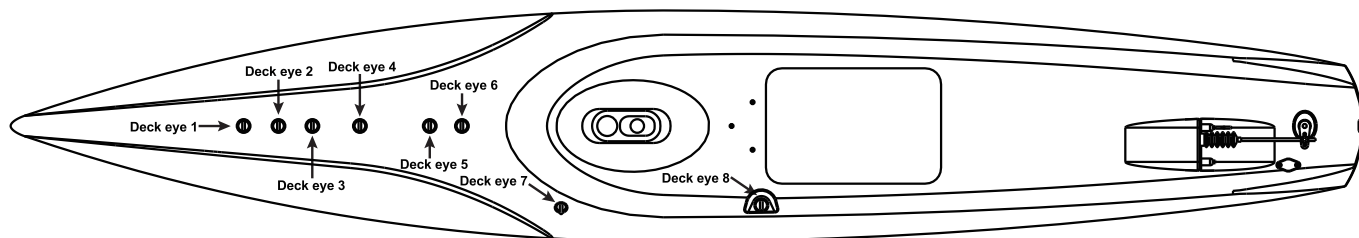
# MAIN SAIL RIGGING



# JIB SAIL RIGGING

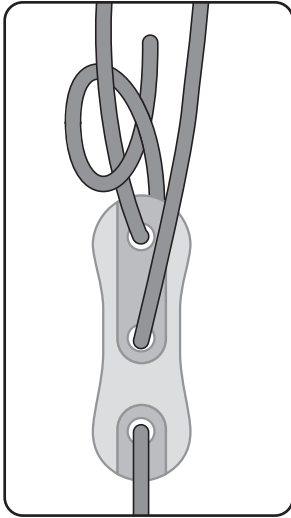


1. Adjust silicone rings ("SR" for short) positions on jib boom as shown.
2. Use forestay cord on the bottom left corner of jib sail to tie a loop, then loop around jib weight shaft. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 100mm, attach it to eyelet in bottom left corner of jib sail, the other end of cord thread through eyelet in jib boom front end fitting from back side to front side Pull cord to make sure jib sail is 3mm-5mm top above jib boom, then attach cord to silicone ring "SR1" on jib boom. Adjust SR1 position to adjust jib sail distance from jim boom.
3. Use metal sail crew ring between SR5 and SR 6, to hook the eyelet on bottom right corner of mainsail, the two rings are used to clamp metal sail crew ring to prevent it sliding, you could adjust the jib sail shape by moving the two rings position.
4. Use Clip supplied in tool bag to attach to eyelet in forestay fitting, Use forestay cord on jib sail tip to thread through a bowsie's two holes in proper order, then through eyelet in Clip, attach cord to end eyelet of bowsie (Tips: ensure bowsie is closer to forestay fitting for easy adjustment).
5. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 300mm, attach it to eyelet in jib sail tip, the other end of cord thread through a bowsie's two holes in proper order, then through eyelet in Clip, attach cord to end eyelet of bowsie. (Tips: ensure bowsie is closer to forestay fitting for easy adjustment). This cord is Jib Sail Lifting.
6. Use jib boom lifting cord to thread through a bowsie's two holes in proper order, then through eyelet in Clip, attach cord to end eyelet of bowsie.
7. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 250mm, attach it to jib boom tube between "SR2" and "SR3", the other end of cord is threaded through Deck Eyes 1 & 2 & 3, then tie a loop, loop around the Deck Eye 4 (Deck Eye 4 is already converted into a hook). This arrangement allows rigs to be changed quickly and easily with no necessary of bowsie adjustment. Now adjust three cord bowsies (Forestay cord, Jib Sail Lifting cord and Jib Boom Lifting cord) tight, so to make sure Jib Boom is 25mm-30mm top above deck level. Then adjust SR2, SR3's position on jib boom to pull jib boom, ensure jib boom end is around 5mm distance to mast.

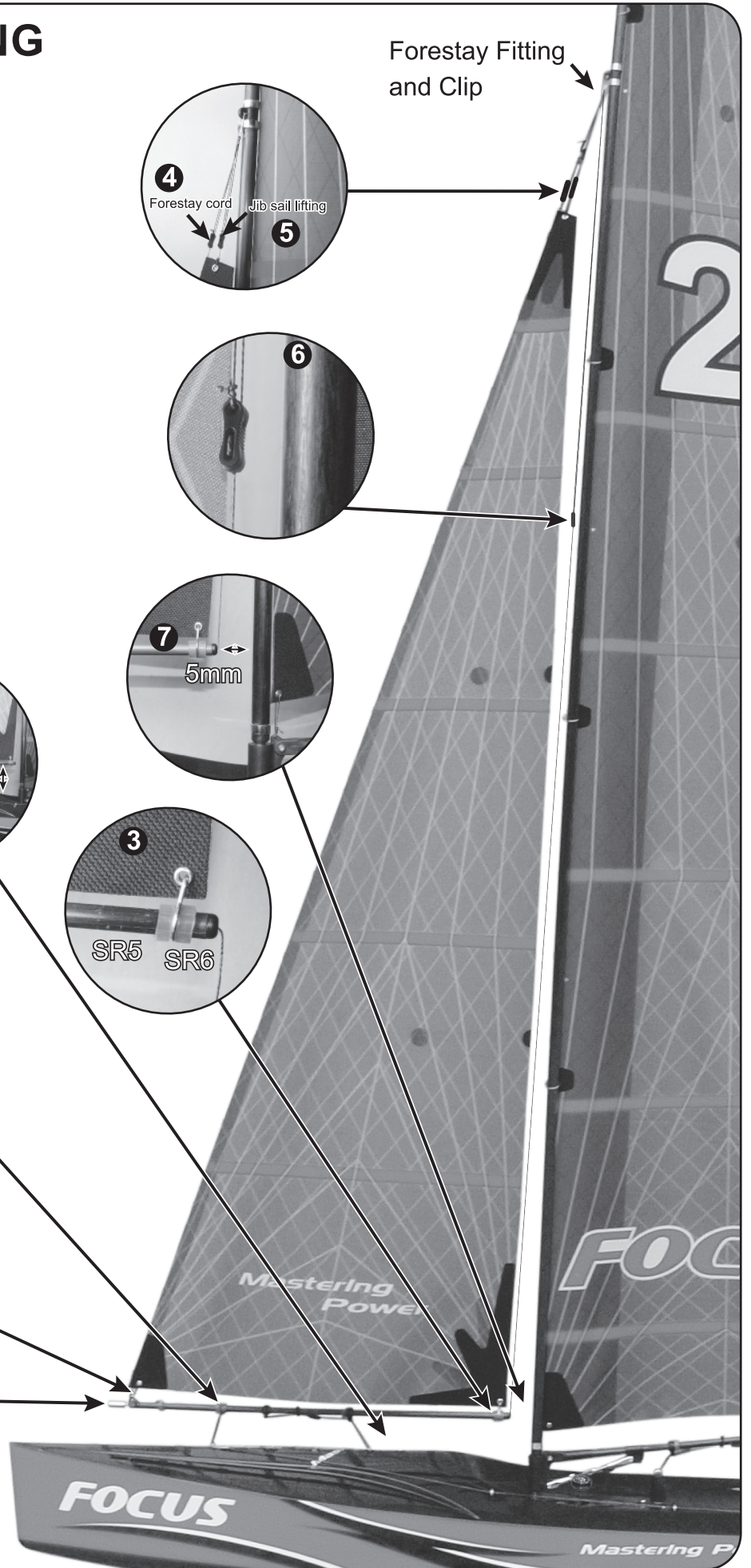
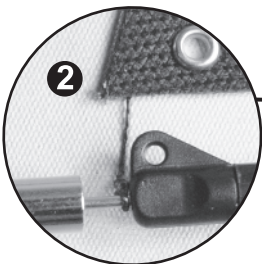
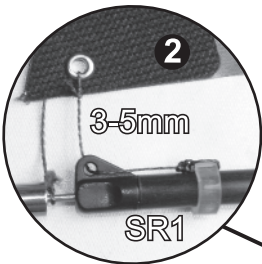
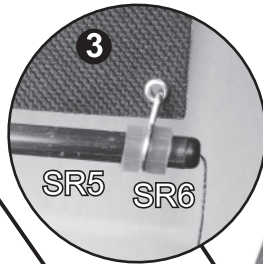
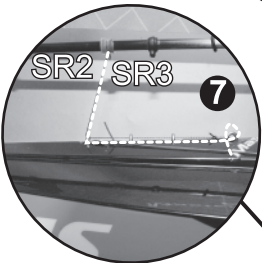
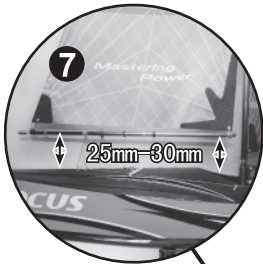
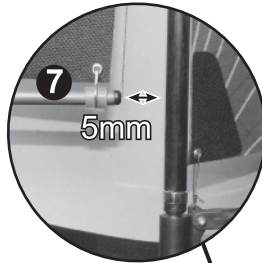
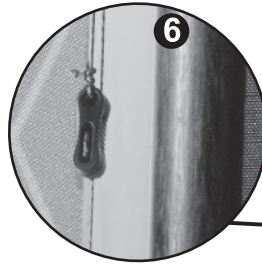




# JIB SAIL RIGGING

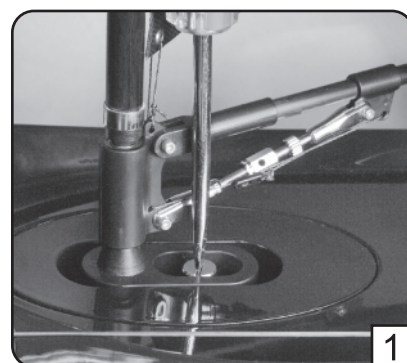
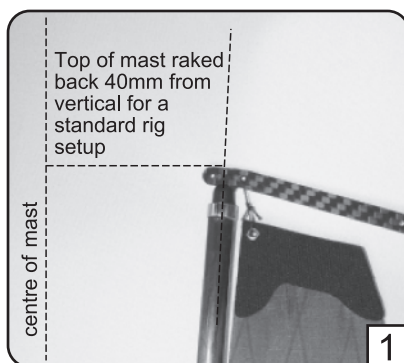
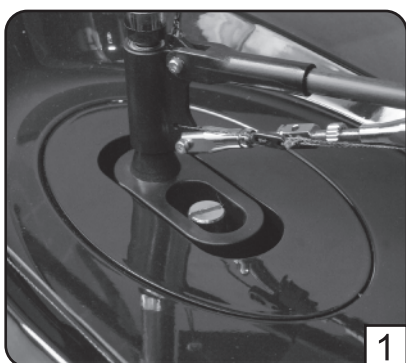


Forestay Fitting and Clip

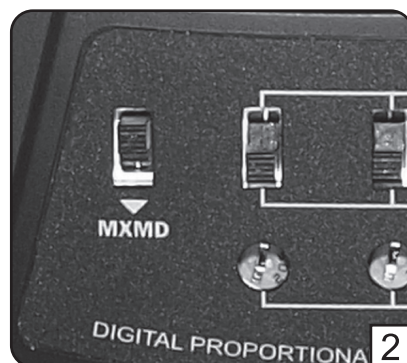


## MAST, JIB SAIL, MAIN SAIL ADJUSTMENT

1. Mast sliding mount is combined with fin box pre-set in factory as photo shown. This setting will ensure top of mast raked back around 40mm from vertical line for a standard rig setup when backstay and forestay cord are pulled tighten. If mast sliding mount is not pre-set like this, you could use flathead screwdriver to loose mast sliding mount screw and move mast sliding mount forward or backward. Depend on different wind power, you need to learn yourself to adjust the mast sliding mount position, so that change the mast raked front or back.
2. Adjust bakstay cord bowsie and forestay cord bowsie to pull these two cord tension.
3. Adjust bowsie located in compression strut and rotate brass compression strut to pull mainsail tight after the above rig has been setup. Adjust SR1 position on Jib Boom, Jib Sail Lifting cord bowsie to pull Jib Sail tight. Remember not to pull mainsail and Jib Sail too tight.
4. Normally, in strong wind, move SR2 and SR3 position to right side on Main Boom, move SR5 and SR6 position to right side on Jib Boom, so these setting can adjust the mainsail and jib sail's radian smaller. In light wind, move these rings' position to left side on Main boom and Jib boom, so these setting can adjust the sails' radian bigger. You need to learn youself in sailing to master the settings base on different wind power.



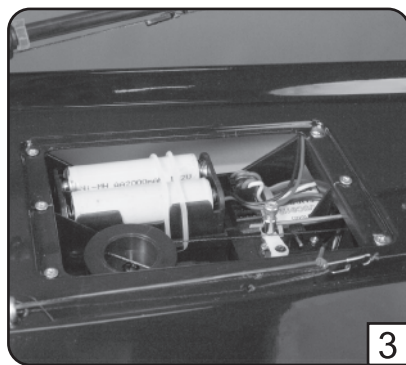
## MAIN BOOM & JIB BOOM RIGGING



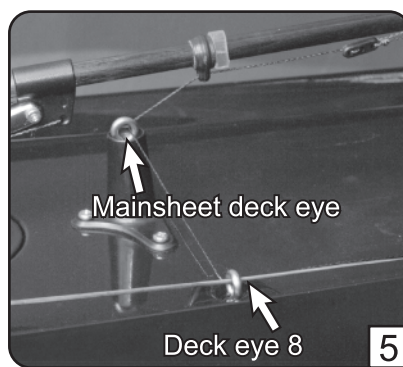
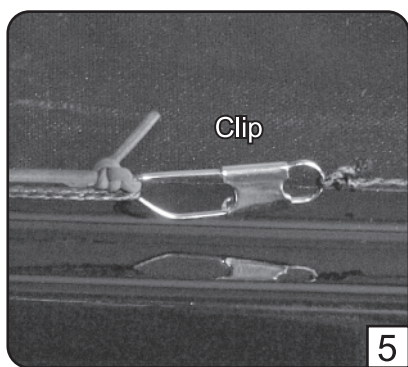
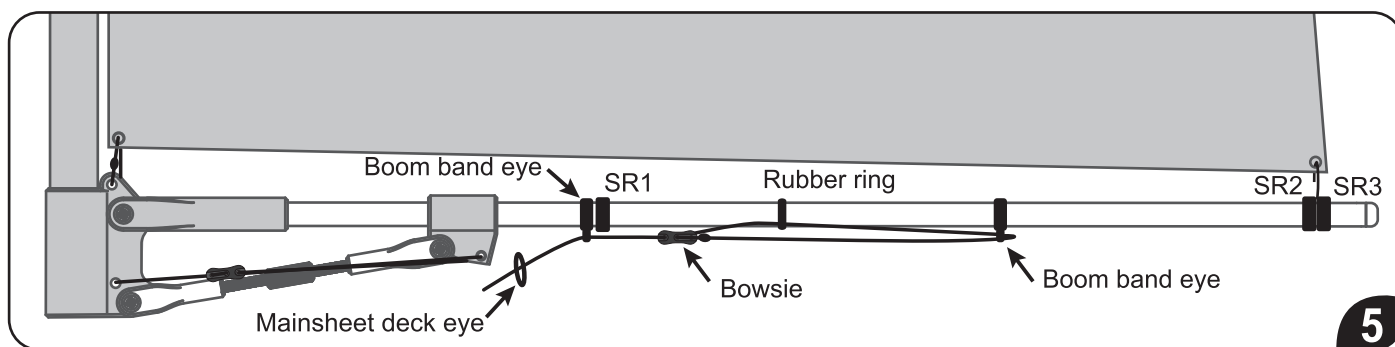
1. Slide off the battery door on the back of the transmitter. Install 4 fresh "AA" alkaline batteries into the transmitter in the configuration molded into the battery compartment. Re-install the battery door onto the back of the transmitter.
2. Push down the throttle stick (Left Stick, MODE 2) till the end as shown. Switch off "MXMD" button on top position, because Focus II sailboat doesn't need mix control function. Then turn on the transmitter by pressing on the power switch.
3. Take the battery box for receiver out from the servo plastic tray inside the hull, install 4 fresh "AA" alkaline batteries into the battery box. Switching the power button on, to check whether the receiver are binded already with transmitter or not. If not, see the following pages of TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER BINDING for reference. Replace the battery box on the servo plastic tray and use rubber band to tie battery box securely on place as shown.

**REMARK:** If reciver have already been binded with transmitter, the rudder servo will automatically return to neutral position, if rudder servo is still not in the neutral position, adjust the rudder neutral trim, see following pages for reference.

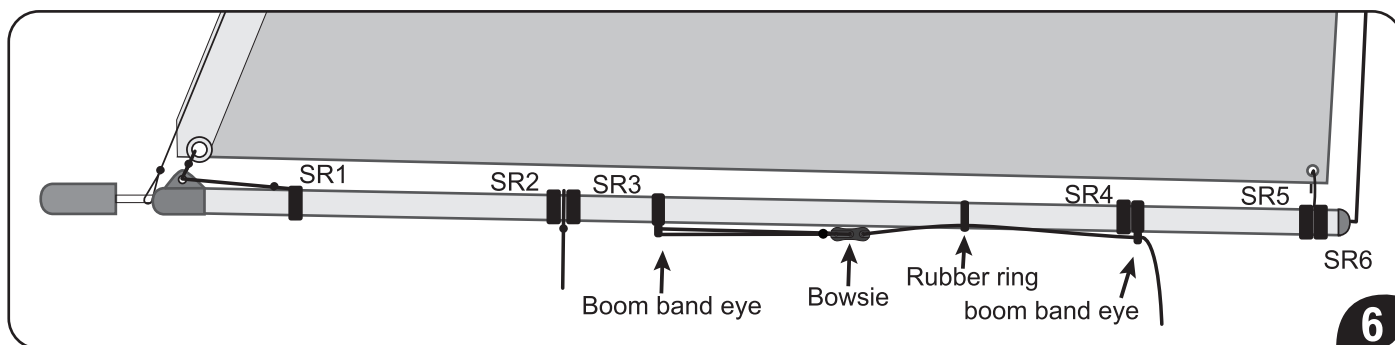




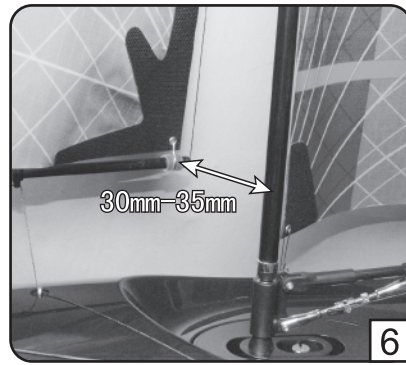
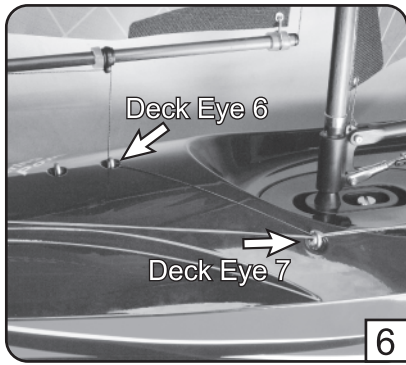
4. Now sail control stick (left stick) push down till the end, the sail winch servo pull cord tight. Pull out Switch rod to switch off receiver and switch off transmitter. Note: if sail control stick (left stick) push down, the sail winch servo loose cord, then you need to move the sail servo reverse switch (CH3) to the other position
5. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 650mm, tie a loop, and hook it on the clip as shown, the other end of cord thread through deck eye 8 and mainsheet deck eye as belowing marked, then through boom bend eye and through bowsie's two holes in proper order (tips: bowsie closer to boom end eye for easy adjustment), then through the rubber ring and the other boom band eye, then attach it to one end eyelet of bowsie, Make sure main boom is pulled as on the centerline of hull. If not, adjust bowsie to pull main boom tight.



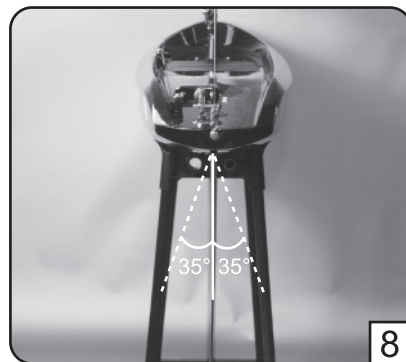
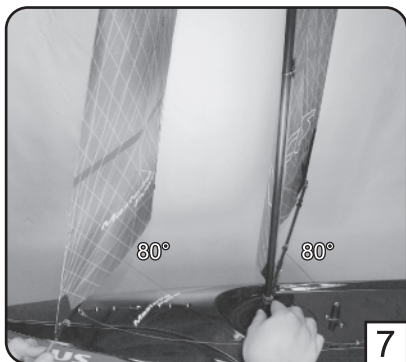
6. Cut a length of Dyneema cord at around 700mm, tie a loop, and hook it on the clip as shown, the other end of cord thread through deck eye 8, 7 and 6, then through boom band eye on jib boom between SR4 and SR5, then through rubber ring as shown and through bowsie's two holes in proper order (tips: bowsie closer to boom end eye for easy adjustment), then through another boom band eye, attach it to one end eyelet of bowsie. Adjust bowsie, push jib boom away on either port or starboard, to make sure rear-end of Jib boom is moved away from mast at 30mm-35mm.



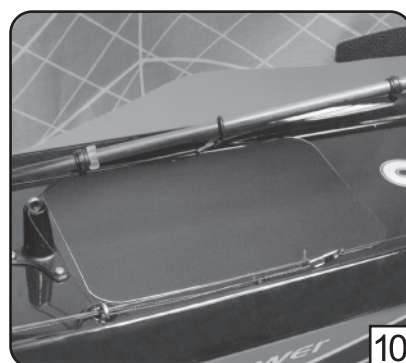
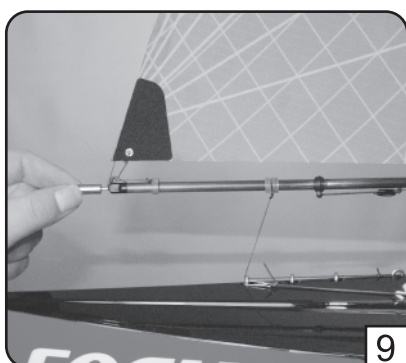




7. Switch on transmitter and push in Switch rod on deck. If transmitter power indicator light flash, push up throttle stick till the top end, then push down till the lowest end again, transmitter power indicator light should be solid on, now transmitter is activated. Push up sail control stick( Left stick), sail winch servo will loose all cord out, move Mainsail and Jibsail away till the maximum angle, to make sure Mainsail could travel about  $80^{\circ}$ , Jibsail could travel about  $80^{\circ}$ , if not, adjust boom band eye and SR1 position on MAIN BOOM to adjust its traveling angle. Adjust boom bend eye and SR4 position on JIB BOOM to adjust its traveling angle.
8. Move rudder control stick (right stick) left and right,rudder traveling angle to left and right are both around  $35^{\circ}$ . if not, adjust rudder servo neutral by pressing the rudder neutral position trim button on transmitter left or right.if still can't get it right, adjust pushrod by loosing screw on rudder arm.

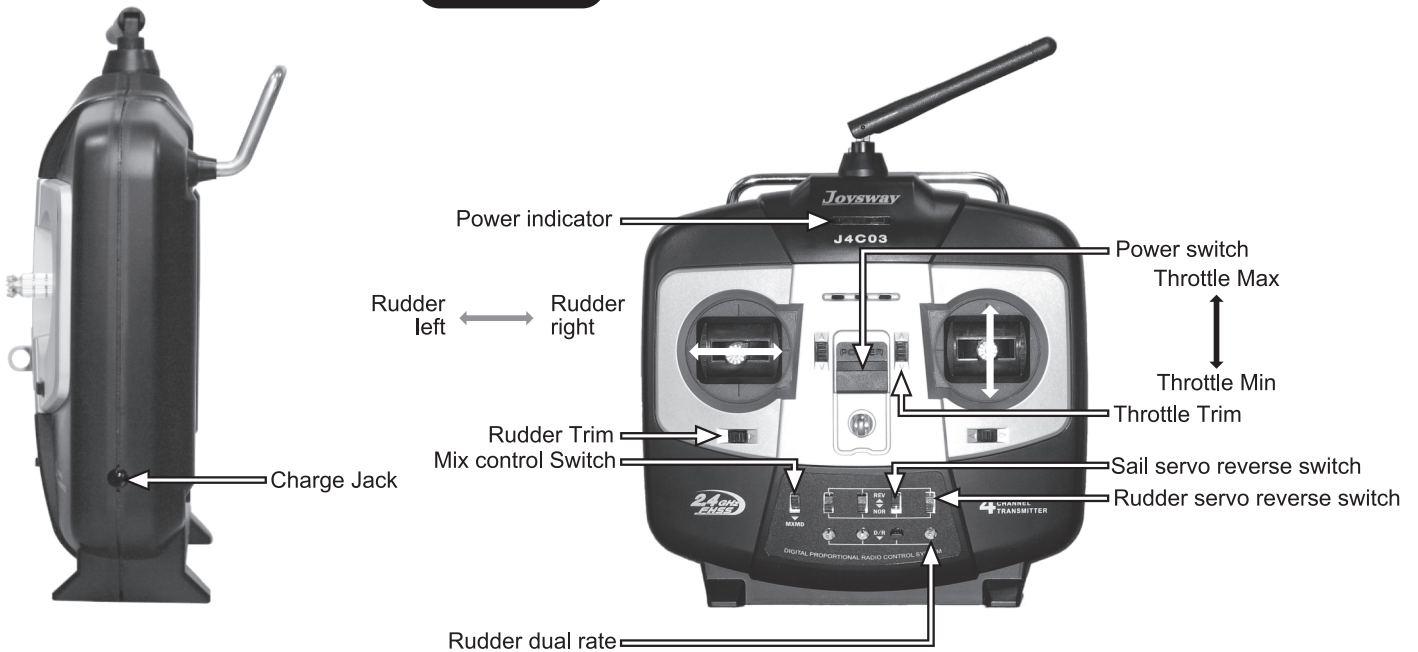


9. Rotate counterweight on front of jib boom by clockwise direction, adjust counterweight position, to make sure jib boom swing CG is located on SR2 and SR3 of Jib boom.
10. Turn off transmitter and power switch on deck, check all the cord tie and rigging, then apply cloth patch on deck hatch. It can be re-used for many times.

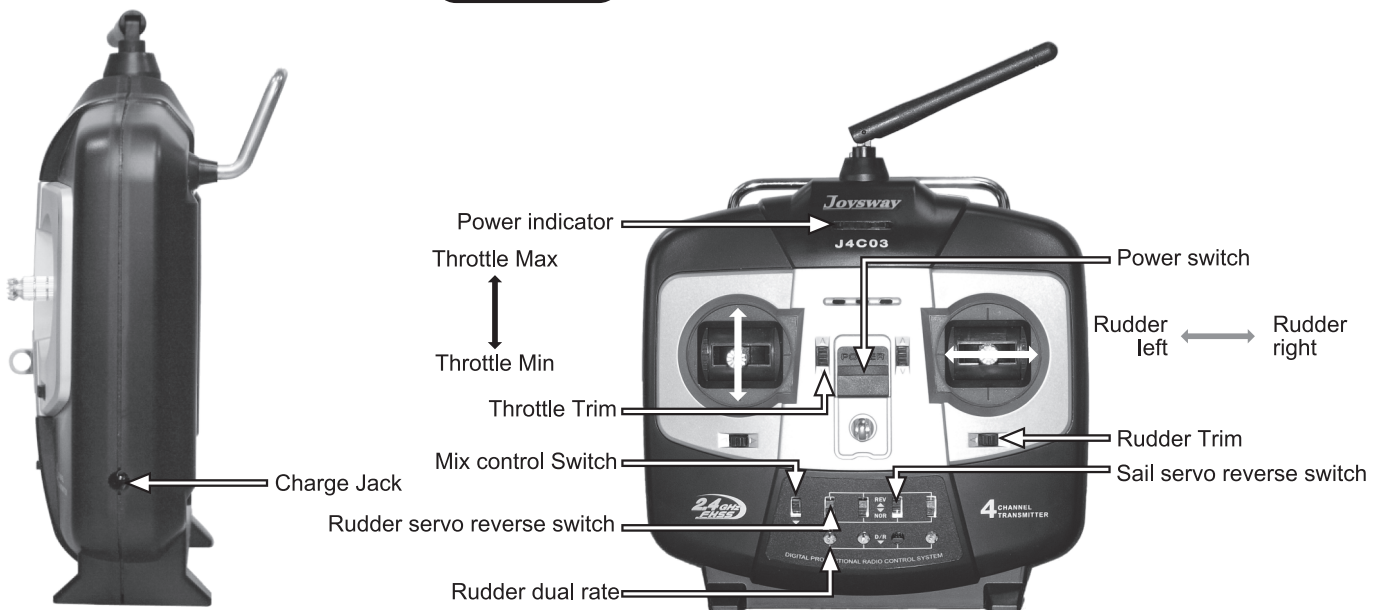


# FAMILIAR WITH RADIO CONTROL SYSTEM

## Mode 1



## Mode 2



### NOTE:

1. MXMD button is mix control ON/OFF button, switch down as "ON" if model is with mix control function. Otherwise switch up as "OFF".
2. Supplied plastic screwdriver on transmitter handle, use this part to adjust Rudder dual rate.

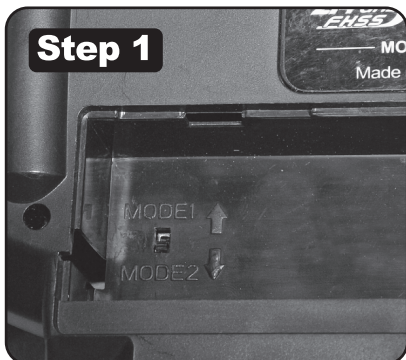
## TRANSMITTER MODE SWITCHING

J4C03 2.4GHz 4CH transmitter is supplied with MODE 2 as standard set, If needed, you could simply switch to MODE 1 by easy steps as belowing:

Step 1: Open battery cover, switch MODE button to MODE 1.

Step 2: Use screwdriver to screw down the up-left screw tightly as photo shown.

Step 3: Screw down the down-left screw as photo shown, but not fully tighten, adjust this screw tightness so as to adjust the throttle stick (right stick) spring tightness as you wanted.



Step 4: Screw off down-right screw completely until the screw head is almost even with back panel.

Step 5: Screw off up-right screw, but not completely. adjust this screw tightness so as to adjust the Elevator stick(left stick) spring tightness as you wanted.



**NOTE:** If switch back form MODE 1 to MODE 2, firstly switch MODE button to MODE 2 under battery cover, screw off the left two screws, Screw down the right two screws, adjust down-left and up-right screws tightness so as to adjust the Throttle stick and Elevator stick spring tightness as you wanted.

## CHARGING(FOR RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES)

The J4C03 transmitter has a charge jack that allows rechargeable AA cells (not included) to be charged in it, using a suitable battery charger.(Output: 6V, Max500mA)

**Caution:** Never try to charge dry cell batteries in the transmitter. They will leak and could explode!

**Caution:** Never leave the radio/charger unattended when charging.

**Caution:** To prevent the possibility of accident, overheating and/or short circuit, always disconnect your battery charger from its power supply when not in use.

**Note:** When rechargeable batteries are finally depleted (dead) they should be taken to a designated recycling centre for disposal. DO NOT dispose of them in household waste.

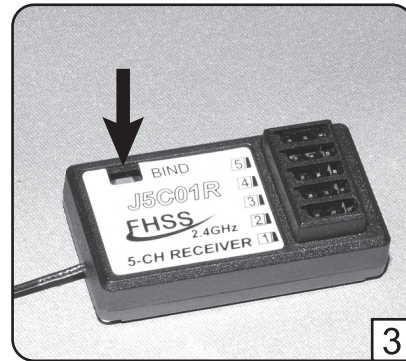


## TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER BINDING

The binding process effectively ties the J4C03 transmitter and J5C01R receiver together. Under normal circumstances, both items are supplied like this from the factory. If, however, you find that your transmitter and receiver are not bound (receiver's red LED will be lighting), you should do the following:



1. Push down the throttle stick (Left Stick, MODE 2) till the end as shown. Switch "ON" the transmitter.
2. Switch "ON" the receiver by switching "ON" the battery box power button.
3. Press down the "BIND" button on the receiver as shown, until the receiver's red LED flash then let go, the receiver's green LED will be lighting to indicate that binding has been successful and the receiver will now accept commands from the transmitter.



Note 1: You would also need to carry out the binding process if you were to replace the included receiver with another one.

Note 2: Typically, for the binding process to be effective, transmitter and receiver should be no more than one meter apart and no other similar devices should be within 10 meters of both during setup.

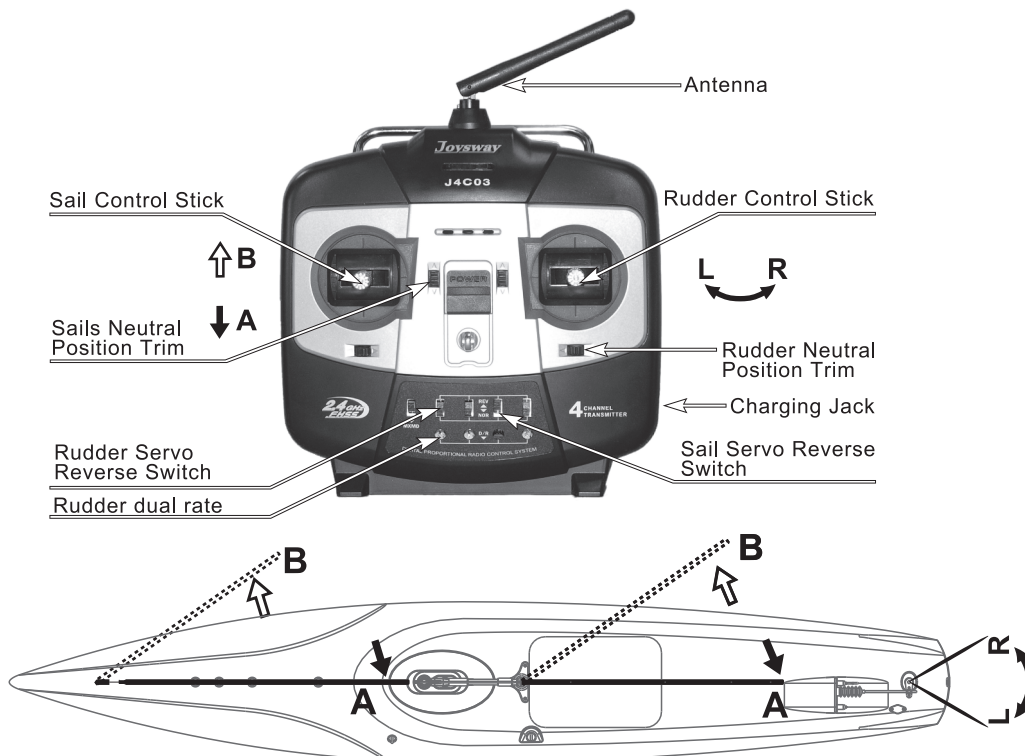
## PREPARATIONS FOR SAILING

Before sailing your Focus for the first time, take note of the following:

1. Always turn the transmitter on before the receiver, likewise, turn the receiver off before the transmitter.
2. Check that each sail, rigging rings and fitting is properly installed and adjusted
3. Switch off "MXMD" button on top position, because Focus don't need mix control function.

Following the procedures to check the radio and sailboat's function: (MODE 2 as example)

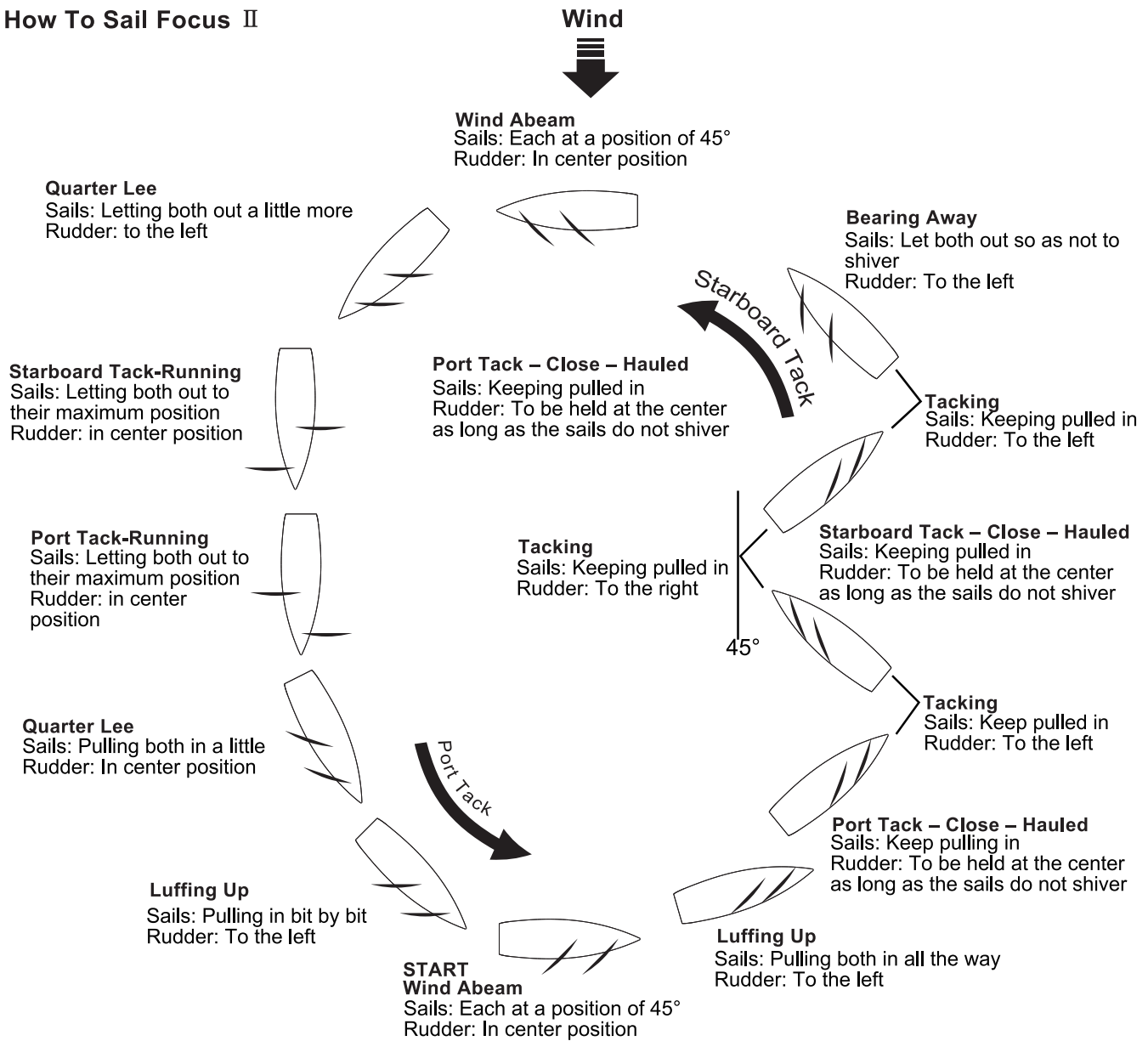
1. Focus is supplied with 2.4GHz 4CH radio system. For sailing the Focus, you will only need 2CH. Please see following function of the transmitter.
2. For sail control stick, when stick is in the position of A, correspondingly, the main boom and jib boom are in the position of A as shown. When stick is in the position of B, correspondingly, the main boom and jib boom are in the position of B as shown. If this is not the case, simply move the sail servo reverse switch to the other position. You may also adjust the sail servo neutral by pressing the sail neutral position trim button up or down.
3. For rudder control stick, rudder turn left when rudder control stick is pushed to the left. Rudder turn right when rudder control stick is pushed to the right. If this is not the case, simply move the rudder servo reverse switch to the other position. You may also adjust the rudder servo neutral by pressing the rudder neutral position trim button left or right



# SAILING THE FOCUS II SAILBOAT

Unlike propeller driven boats that you basically point and accelerate, sailboats present an interesting challenge. Sailing requires constant reaction to water movements, any wind gusts, and any wind direction changes. These reactions then require adjustment of the rudder and sails in order to find the best possible course. There is no substitute for actual "on-the-water" experience and after your first couple of outings you may want to read through this manual again in order to help you to gain a better understanding of the "art" of sailing. While learning to sail, it is a good idea to pick up on as much sailing terminology as possible. This will make it easier to grasp some aspects.

## How To Sail Focus II



### IMPORTANT NOTICE:

1. Sail your Focus II only in still bodies of water. Never sail your boat in running water such as streams or rivers, as it is easy to lose control of your boat.
2. Never attempt to swim after a stalled or stuck boat! Wait patiently for the wind currents to return the boat to shore.
3. After running, remove the deck and allow the interior of the boat to dry out completely. If you neglect to do this, it may result in corrosion of the electronic components.

# SPARE PARTS LIST

To order Focus II spare parts, use the part numbers in the spare parts list that follows

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
881201	Focus II standard printed sails set
881202	Focus II mainsail luff rings(PK10)
881203	Metal sail crew ring(PK10)
881204	0.6mm Dyneema cord(10m length)
881205	Focus II complete rig & fitting exclude sails
881206	Focus II mast & backstay crane set
881207	Carbon backstay crane set
881208	Focus II main and jib booms set
881209	Jib boom counterweight with shaft(PK4)
881210	Bowsie(PK10)
881211	10cm Silicon tube+"O"ring(PK4)
881212	Sheeting elastic(2m)
881213	Focus II Sheeting pulley block(PK2)
881214	Focus II Pushrod(PK2)
881215	Focus II Switch connector+Switch rod
881216	Focus II hull with decals and painting
881217	Aluminum alloy rudder arm set
881218	Plastic servo tray with screws
881219	Focus II fin box and mast fitting
881220	Focus II Bolts(PK2)for keel
881221	Focus II keel with bolts
881222	Focus II rudder
881223	Focus II ballast
881224	Focus II deck cloth patch(PK4)
881225	Jib hook(PK10)
881226	Sail winch servo
881227	Waterproof Bellows(PK4)
881228	Cord attachment clip (PK10)
881229	Mainsheet metal ring (PK4)
881230	Focus II Main boom sheeting guiding part
610313	J5C01R Receiver
610314	J4C03 transmitter(MODE2)
610315	J4C03 transmitter(MODE2)with J5C01R Receiver
880514	9g metal gear rudder servo
880532	Deck eyes (pk10)
880536	Rubber bung (PK4)
880552	Battery box for receiver
880623	Winch line rubber cap(PK5)
990202	Plastic boat stand



## FCC REQUIREMENT



This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**CAUTION:** Changes or modifications to this product not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance may void the user's authority to operate the equipment.