

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 **Product identifier**

> Fusion Liquid Product Name

Product Description Mixture based on Methyl methacrylate monomer.

UFI Number 3M00-R0J9-N00Y-34VH

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Identified use(s) Professional modelling use

1.3

Details of the supplier of Mixtures containing unreacted liquid monomer intended to come into contact with skin or nails. the safety data sheet Deluxe Materials Ltd., Unit 12/13 Cufaude Business Park, Cufaude Lane, Bramley, Hampshire,

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to GB CLP Regulations, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Flammable liquid Category 2. H225 Skin corrosion / irritation Category 2. H315 Skin sensitisation Category 1. H317 STOT - single exposure Category 3 H335

See section: 16.

Label elements 2.2





Signal word Danger

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Hazard statement(s)

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition Precautionary statement(s)

sources. No smoking.

P261: Avoid breathing vapours.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using

incinerators suitable for the disposal of flammable organics.

2.3 Other hazards

Not classified as PBT or vPvB. Does not cause endocrine disruption.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 **Substances**

32 **Mixtures**

Substances in the product which may present a health or environmental hazard, or which have been assigned occupational exposure limits, are detailed below.

According to GB CLP Regulations, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567



Hazardous Ingredient(s)	%W/W	EC No.	Registration number(s)	Hazard Class and	Hazard
				Category Code(s)	statement
					Code(s)
Methyl methacrylate	> 97.5	201-297-1	01-2119452498-28	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
				Skin Irrit. 2	H315
				Skin Sens. 1	H317
				STOT SE 3	H335
N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine	< 2.5	202-805-4	01-2119956633-31	Acute Tox. 3	H301
				Acute Tox. 3	H311
				Acute Tox. 3	H331
				STOT RE 2	H373
				Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of H phrases see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 **Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take

off contaminated clothing.

Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain immediate medical attention.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry powder or CO₂ for extinction. Keep containers cool by

spraying with water if exposed to fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture 5.2

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May polymerise on heating. Sealed containers may rupture explosively if hot.

Advice for firefighters

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate sources of ignition. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid breathing vapours. See section: 8

6.2 **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3

Collect spillage. Do not adsorb onto sawdust or other combustible materials. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery. Use only non-sparking tools.

Reference to other sections

See section: 8, 13

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the workplace. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Ground container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.



7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Protect from sunlight.

IMPORTANT: Methacrylates stored in bulk must be kept in contact with air (oxygen). The minimum oxygen concentration should be 5%, and ideally kept at 5-8%. Monomer vapours are uninhibited and may form polymers in vent or flame arresters, resulting in blockage of vents.

Storage temperature (°C): <40°C

Preferably not exceeding 30°C.

Storage life Storage life is dependent upon a number of factors such as stabiliser concentration, oxygen

level, temperature and time. Please refer to the Methacrylate Esters Safe Handling Manual or

contact the supplier for specific advice.

Incompatible materials: Polymerisation catalysts, such as peroxy or azo compounds, strong acids, alkalis and oxidising

agents. Oxides and salts of transition metals. Organic Nitrogen containing compounds.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

In conjunction with polymers as part of denture repair and relining systems.

8. SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Substance	CAS No.	LTEL ppm	LTEL mg/m³	STEL	STEL	Notes
		(8Hr TWA)	(8Hr TWA)	ppm	mg/m³	
Methyl methacrylate	000080-62-6	50	208	100	416	WEL

Substance	CAS No.	DNEL	Oral	Inhalation	Dermal
Methyl methacrylate	000080-62-6	Worker - Long Term - Local effects	1	208 mg/m ³	1.5 mg/cm ²
•		Worker - Long Term - Systemic effects	1	384.4	13.67 mg/kg body
				mg/m³ *	weight/day
		Worker - Short term - Local effects	1	416 mg/m ³	1.5 mg/cm ²
		Worker - Short term - Systemic effects	1	2	3
		Consumer - Long Term - Local effects	1	104 mg/m ³	1.5 mg/cm ²
		Consumer - Long Term - Systemic effects	8.2 mg/kg	74.3 mg/m ³	8.2 mg/kg body
			body		weight/day
			weight/day		
		Consumer - Short term - Local effects	1	208 mg/m ³	1.5 mg/cm ²
		Consumer - Short term - Systemic effects	1	2	3

Substance	CAS No.	DNEL	Oral	Inhalation	Dermal
N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine	000099-97-8	Worker - Long Term - Local effects			
		Worker - Long Term - Systemic effects		1.22 mg/m³	0.694 mg/kg body weight/day
		Worker - Short term - Local effects			
		Worker - Short term - Systemic effects			
		Consumer - Long Term - Local effects			
		Consumer - Long Term - Systemic effects			
		Consumer - Short term - Local effects			
		Consumer - Short term - Systemic effects			

Substance	CAS No.		PNEC
Methyl methacrylate	000080-62-6	Fresh water	940 μg/l
		Fresh water (sediment)	10.2 mg/kg dry weight
		Sea water	94 μg/l
		Sea water (sediment)	1.02 mg/kg dry weight
		Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
		Soil	1.48 mg/kg dry weight
		Air	3

Substance	CAS No.		PNEC
N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine	000099-97-8	Fresh water	0.0137 mg/l
		Fresh water (sediment)	
		Sea water	0.00137 mg/l
		Sea water (sediment)	
		Sewage Treatment Plant	1.36 mg/l
		Soil	20.36 mg/l
		Air	

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- ¹ Low oral toxicity: DNEL not established.
- ² Long term DNEL is protective of effects resulting from short term exposure.
- ³ No identified hazard.
- * Exposure assessment DNEL = 208 mg/m³

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Do not eat, drink or smoke at the workplace. Use in closed systems or provide adequate LEV if natural ventilation is insufficient, to ensure that the DNEL/OEL is not exceeded. Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required. The following information is given as general guidance.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE) Eye/face protection



Wear eye/face protection. Safety spectacles/goggles/full face shield.

Skin protection



Wear suitable gloves.

For splash protection: Butyl; EN 374.

For immersion protection: Butyl; 0.7 mm or greater; EN 374.

See the Methacrylate Monomers Safe Use of Gloves Best Practice Guidelines.

Suitability of gloves should be confirmed with glove manufacturer. Change gloves, if contamination occurs or duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Respiratory protection



Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if engineering controls are insufficient, or not present, and exposure to levels above the DNEL is likely. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate. In the event of formation of particularly high levels of vapour a self contained breathing apparatus may be appropriate.

Environmental exposure controls

Ensure proper process control to ensure releases to air are within local permits. Monitor and regularly maintain ventilation equipment to ensure performance. Do not empty into drains. Contain and collect spillages for incineration. Fully polymerise before landfill. Only dispose of polymerised material with household waste.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The following information is based on the principal component: Methyl methacrylate

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Clear/colourless.

Odour Characteristic strong and acrid.

Odour Threshold (ppm) 0.75 Not available.

Melting Point (°C) -48 Boiling Point (°C) 100.36 Flash Point (°C) 10 [Closed cup]

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v) 2.1 Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v) 12.5 3700 at 20°C Vapour pressure (Pascal)

Vapour Density (Air=1) 3.5 Density (g/ml) 0.94 at 20°C

Solubility (Water) Slightly soluble. 1.53g/100g at 20°C Miscible with most organic solvents.

Solubility (Other)
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water) 1.38 Auto Ignition Temperature (°C) 435

Decomposition Temperature (°C) Not applicable. Viscosity (mPa. s) 0.53 at 20°C Kinematic Viscosity (mm²/s) Not available. Explosive properties Not applicable. Oxidising properties Not applicable.



Other information

Self accelerating polymerization temperature (SAPT)(°C) >55

Particle characteristics Not applicable.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVI

10.1 Reactivity

Will exothermically polymerise in the presence of initiators.

10.2 **Chemical stability**

Stable in the presence of inhibitor and oxygen.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Susceptible to polymerisation initiated by prolonged storage or the presence of catalyst. Self accelerating polymerization temperature (SAPT)(°C): >55

Conditions to avoid 10.4

Heat and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials 10.5

Polymerisation catalysts, such as peroxy or azo compounds, strong acids, alkalis and oxidising agents. Oxides and salts of transition metals. Organic Nitrogen containing compounds.

10.6 **Hazardous decomposition products**

Does not decompose up to auto-ignition temperature

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Inhalation

Ingestion Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Low oral toxicity, but ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin Contact Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Causes skin irritation. Repeated and/or prolonged contact may cause dermatitis. Skin corrosion/irritation

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/irritation

High vapour concentration will cause irritation.

Sensitisation Methyl methacrylate: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Irritant to the respiratory system and high concentrations

may aggravate pre-existing conditions.

Carcinogenicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to high concentrations may produce

adverse effects on the nasal epithelium.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIO

Toxicity 12.1

Harmful to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability 12.2

Readily biodegradable.

12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential**

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 Mobility in soil

The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil.



12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

None known.

13. SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Avoid release to the environment. Within the EU this material should be regarded as a 'special waste' (see relevant national legislation for special wastes and EC Hazardous Waste Directive 91/689/EEC, as amended) and disposed of appropriately.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the disposal of flammable organics. The packaging should be disposed of with due care (e.g. UK Duty of Care regulations), ensuring that the package is completely emptied. In some cases the packaging itself may be regarded as a waste requiring special treatment. If in any doubt please seek specialist advice from a competent authority. Allocation of a waste code number, according to the European Waste Catalogue, should be carried out in agreement with the regional waste disposal company.

14. SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

1993

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl methacrylate, Toluidine)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class	3
IMDG Class	3
IMDG EMS	F-E, S-E
IATA	3
ADR Classification Code	F1
ADR HIN	33
ADR Transport Category	2
Tunnel Restriction Code	D/E
RID	3
ADN	3
UK CDG Road: Emergency Action Code	3YE

14.4 Packing group

i

14.5 Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance No. Marine Pollutant No.

14.6 Special precautions for user

No special requirements.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

15. SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory obligations are country/region specific. Compliance statements are available. Please confirm regulatory status for individual country/region with the supplier before placing on the market.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulations, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture.

Appropriate information from exposure scenarios from component substances relevant to uses of this mixture have been incorporated into the core sections (1-16) of this safety data sheet.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758 and SI 2020/1577.

The following sections contain revisions or new

1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14

statements:

Date of preparation: 9 -April- 2024

LEGEND

Note: Not all of the following are necessarily contained in this Safety Data Sheet:

IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40) Bmqv: Biological Monitoring Guidance Value Sen: Capable of causing respiratory sensitisation

Sk: Can be absorbed through skin

Carc: Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage

CHAN: Chemical Hazard Alert Notice

COM: The company aims to control exposure in its workplace to this limit

LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Repr.: Reproductive toxicity

Aquatic acute/chronic: Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Methacrylate Monomers Safe Use of Gloves Best Practice Guidelines References:

Methacrylate Esters Safe Handling Manual

Full text of H phrases H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301: Toxic if swallowed. H311: Toxic in contact with skin. H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

IMPORTANT: USE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF MEDICAL DEVICES AND RELATED PRODUCTS.

Deluxe Materials Limited has performed no clinical testing on the use of this product in any medical application. Deluxe Materials Limited has no data to support the use of this product in any medical application. This product has been manufactured to a specification according to high standards of manufacturing practice. Deluxe Materials Limited supplies this product on the specific understanding that it is the sole responsibility of the medical device manufacturer to ensure that the medical device is both safe and fit for the intended purpose and that this product is suitable for use in its manufacture.

It is the responsibility of the end-product manufacturer to identify all market and use-specific regulations and to ensure compliance with these regulations.

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